Overview
The U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ), Office of Justice Programs (OJP), Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) seeks applications for competitive funding under the FY 2022 Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants Program. This program furthers the DOJ's mission by providing states and units of local government with tools needed to meet the challenges of crime and justice. Specifically, this program seeks to improve forensic science and medical examiner/coroner services, including services provided by laboratories operated by states and units of local government.

This solicitation incorporates the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide by reference. The OJP Grant Application Resource Guide provides guidance to applicants on how to prepare and submit applications for funding to OJP. If this solicitation expressly modifies any provision in the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide, the applicant is to follow the guidelines in this solicitation as to that provision.

Solicitation Categories
This solicitation does not include Solicitation Categories.

Eligible Applicants:
City or township governments, County governments, State governments, Other

Other
For purposes of this solicitation, “state” means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

To advance Executive Order 13929 Safe Policing for Safe Communities, the Attorney General determined that all state, local, and university or college law enforcement agencies must be certified by an approved independent credentialing body or have started the certification process to be eligible for FY 2022 DOJ discretionary grant funding. To become certified, the law enforcement agency must meet two mandatory conditions: (1) the agency’s use-of-force policies adhere to all applicable federal, state, and local laws and (2) the agency’s use-of-force policies prohibit chokeholds except in situations where use of deadly force is allowed by law. The certification requirement also applies to law enforcement agencies receiving DOJ discretionary grant funding through a subaward. For detailed information on this certification requirement, please visit https://cops.usdoj.gov/SafePolicingEO to access the Standards for Certification on Safe Policing for Safe Communities, the Implementation Fact Sheet, and the List of Designated Independent Credentialing Bodies.

All recipients and subrecipients (including any for-profit organization) must forgo any profit or management fee.

Contact Information
For technical assistance with submitting the Application for Federal Assistance standard form (SF)-424 and a Disclosure
of Lobbying Activities form (SF-LLL) in Grants.gov, contact the Grants.gov Customer Support Hotline at 800-518-4726, 606-545-5035, Grants.gov Customer Support, or support@grants.gov. The Grants.gov Support Hotline operates 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except on federal holidays.

For technical assistance with submitting the full application in DOJ’s Justice Grants System (JustGrants), contact the JustGrants Service Desk at 833-872-5175 or JustGrants.Support@usdoj.gov. The JustGrants Service Desk operates 5 a.m. to 9 p.m. eastern time Monday-Friday and 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday, Sunday, and Federal holidays.

For assistance with any other requirements of this solicitation, contact the OJP Response Center by telephone at 800-851-3420 or TTY: 301-240-6310 (hearing impaired only), or by email at grants@ncjrs.gov. The OJP Response Center hours of operation are 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., eastern time Monday–Friday, and 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on the solicitation closing date.

Submission Information
Applications will be submitted to DOJ in two steps:

**Step 1:** The applicant must submit by the Grants.gov deadline the required Application for Federal Assistance standard form (SF)-424 and a Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL) form when they register in Grants.gov at https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/register.html. To register in Grants.gov, the applicant will need to ensure that its System for Award Management (SAM) registration is current.

**Step 2:** The applicant must then submit the full application, including attachments, in JustGrants at JustGrants.usdoj.gov. To be considered timely, the full application must be submitted in JustGrants by the JustGrants application deadline. OJP encourages applicants to review the “How to Apply” section in the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide and the JustGrants website for more information, resources, and training.
## Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contact Information</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Description</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overview</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Authority</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Information</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goals, Objectives, Deliverables, and Timeline</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evidence-Based Programs or Practices</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information Regarding Potential Evaluation of Programs and Activities</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Award Information</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awards, Amounts and Durations</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Availability of Funds</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Types of Awards</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Management and System of Internal Controls</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget Information</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost Sharing or Matching Requirement</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-agreement Costs (also known as Pre-award Costs)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limitation on Use of Award Funds for Employee Compensation: Waiver</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Approval, Planning, and Reporting of Conference/Meeting/Training Costs</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costs Associated with Language Assistance (if applicable)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligibility Information</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application and Submission Information</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information to Complete the Application for Federal Assistance (SF-424)</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Applicant Information (JustGrants 424 and General Agency Information)</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposal Abstract</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposal Narrative</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note on Project Evaluations</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goals, Objectives, Deliverables, and Timeline</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget and Associated Documentation</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget Worksheet and Budget Narrative (Web-based Form)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (if applicable)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Management Questionnaire (including applicant disclosure of high-risk status)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disclosure of Process Related to Executive Compensation</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Application Components</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curriculum Vitae or Resumes</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coverdell Statutory Certifications</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Investigations Attachment</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forensic Laboratory Accreditation Documentation (if applicable)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potential Environmental Impact Coversheet and Checklist — National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disclosures and Assurances</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOJ Certified Standard Assurances</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applicant Disclosure of Duplication in Cost Items</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOJ Certifications Regarding Lobbying; Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters; and Drug-Free Workplace Requirements</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applicant Disclosure and Justification – DOJ High Risk Grantees (if applicable)</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How to Apply</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Program Description

Overview

OJP is committed to advancing work that promotes civil rights and racial equity, increases access to justice, supports crime victims and individuals impacted by the justice system, strengthens community safety and protects the public from crime and evolving threats, and builds trust between law enforcement and the community. This program furthers the Department’s mission by providing states and units of local government with tools needed to meet the challenges of crime and justice.

With this solicitation, the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) seeks proposals for competitive funding under the Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants Program (Coverdell Program), which awards grants to states and units of local government to help improve forensic science and medical examiner/coroner services. Under the Coverdell Program, state administering agencies (SAAs) may apply for both formula and competitive funds. Units of local government may apply for competitive funds. This solicitation is ONLY for the competitive funds. An applicant that seeks to apply for Coverdell formula funds (consistent with 34 U.S.C. § 10563(a)(1)) available for grants to eligible states would need to apply under BJA’s FY 2022 Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants Program (Formula) solicitation.

Statutory Authority

The Coverdell Program is authorized by Pub. L. No. 90-351, Title I, Sec. 2801-2806 (codified at 34 U.S.C. 10561-10566).

Specific Information

This program furthers the Department’s mission by providing states and units of local government with tools needed to meet the challenges of crime and justice. Specifically, this program seeks to improve forensic science and medical examiner/coroner services, including services provided by laboratories operated by states and units of local government. Funding is to be used for forensic science laboratories. (See Definitions section for additional information).

Funding awarded under the Coverdell Program may not be used for research. However, applicants may address emerging forensic science issues and technology through implementation of new technologies and processes into public laboratories. Applicants are encouraged to review resources such as the National Institute of Justice’s Forensic Technology Center of Excellence (FTCoE) when working to evaluate and implement new technologies and processes in the laboratory to help ensure that strong evidence-based methods and best practices are used. FTCoE provides reports, webinars, and other free products to assist practitioners with technology transition (including implementation strategies, technology landscape studies, and success stories).

Agencies are also encouraged to participate in the National Forensic Laboratory Information System (NFLIS). NFLIS is a program of the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Diversion Control Division, and systematically collects drug identification results and associated information from drug cases submitted to and analyzed by participating federal, state, and local forensic laboratories with drug chemistry sections. The program consists of three components (Drug, Toxicology, and Medical Examiner/Coroner) that complement each other to provide a holistic picture of the drugs analyzed by the U.S. forensic community. Data are submitted on a voluntary basis and agencies are encouraged to seek participation from any labs used for outsourcing in an effort to strengthen the understanding of drug mortality, novel psychoactive substances, drug frequency trends, levels of drugs involved in cause of death, and laboratory or office methods and practices.

Definitions

For the purposes of this solicitation, the following are defined:

Backlog: A backlog in the analysis of forensic science evidence exists if such evidence:
- Has been stored in a laboratory, medical examiner's office, coroner's office, law enforcement storage facility, or medical facility.
- Has not been subjected to all appropriate forensic testing because of a lack of resources or personnel

Forensic Science Laboratory: Any state/local government entity performing forensic science services is considered a “forensic science laboratory.” Medical examiner and coroner offices are considered to be forensic science laboratories for the purposes of this solicitation.
Research: A systematic investigation — including research development, testing, and evaluation — designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. Validation of established technologies for implementation in a laboratory setting is not considered research for the purposes of this solicitation.

Accreditation: A formal process by which an impartial entity reviews the policies and procedures of an organization to ensure its operations are consistent with national or international standards. Accreditation assesses a forensic laboratory’s capacity to generate and interpret results in a particular forensic discipline and helps to ensure an ongoing compliance to industry and applicable international standards.

Goals, Objectives, Deliverables, and Timeline

Goals

The result of Coverdell grants to applicant states should be a demonstrated improvement over current operations in forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services provided in the state, including services provided by laboratories operated by the state and services provided by laboratories operated by units of local government within the state. Reduction in forensic analysis backlogs is considered an improvement in timeliness of services.

The result of Coverdell grants made directly to units of local government should be a demonstrated improvement over current operations in forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services provided by the local jurisdiction.

Objectives

A state or unit of local government that receives a Coverdell grant must use the grant for one or more of the following six purposes/objectives:

1. To carry out all or a substantial part of a program intended to improve the quality and timeliness of forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services in the state, including those services provided by laboratories operated by the state and those operated by units of local government within the state.
2. To eliminate a backlog in the analysis of forensic science evidence, including, among other things, a backlog with respect to firearms examination, latent prints, impression evidence, toxicology, digital evidence, fire evidence, controlled substances, forensic pathology, questioned documents, and trace evidence.
3. To train, assist, and employ forensic laboratory personnel and medicolegal death investigators, as needed, to eliminate such a backlog.
4. To address emerging forensic science issues (such as statistics, contextual bias, and uncertainty of measurement) and emerging forensic science technology (such as high throughput automation, statistical software, and new types of instrumentation).
5. To educate and train forensic pathologists.
6. To fund medicolegal death investigation systems to facilitate accreditation of medical examiner and coroner offices and certification of medicolegal death investigators.

Important Note: Congress has appropriated funding to help the forensic science community address the specific challenges crime laboratories are confronting related to the proliferation of opioids and synthetic drugs. To address these issues, BJA plans to allocate approximately 58 percent of available funds to specifically target the challenges that opioids and synthetic drugs have brought to the forensic science community.

Deliverables

All Coverdell grantees are required to report specific programmatic metrics (see Performance Measures). In addition, the applicant is asked to consider what other metrics may be of use in demonstrating the successful outcome of the program/project.

The Goals, Objectives, and Deliverables are directly related to the performance measures that show the completed work’s results, as discussed in the "Application and Submission Information" section.

Evidence-Based Programs or Practices

OJP strongly encourages the use of data and evidence in policymaking and program development for criminal justice, juvenile justice, and crime victim services. For additional information and resources on evidence-based programs or practices, see the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide.

Information Regarding Potential Evaluation of Programs and Activities
OJP may conduct or support an evaluation of the programs and activities funded under this solicitation. For additional information, see the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide section entitled “Information Regarding Potential Evaluation of Programs and Activities.”

**Federal Award Information**

**Solicitation Categories**

This solicitation does not include Solicitation Categories.

**Awards, Amounts and Durations**

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<th>Anticipated Number of Awards</th>
<th>Anticipated Maximum Dollar Amount of Awards</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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</tr>
</tbody>
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<tr>
<th>Period of Performance Start Date</th>
<th>Period of Performance Duration (Months)</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>10/1/22 12:00 AM</td>
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</table>

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<tr>
<th>Anticipated Total Amount to be Awarded Under Solicitation</th>
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</thead>
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<td>$4,395,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Availability of Funds**

This solicitation, and awards (if any are made) under this solicitation, are subject to the availability of appropriated funds and to any modifications or additional requirements that may be imposed by the agency or by law. In addition, nothing in this solicitation is intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

**Types of Awards**

BJA expects to make awards under this solicitation as grants. See the “Administrative, National Policy, and Other Legal Requirements” section of the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for a brief discussion of important statutes, regulations, and award conditions that apply to many (or in some cases, all) OJP grants.

**Financial Management and System of Internal Controls**

Award recipients and subrecipients (including recipients or subrecipients that are pass-through entities) must, as described in the Part 200 Uniform Requirements as set out at 2 C.F.R. 200.303, comply with standards for financial and program management. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

**Budget Information**

**Available Funding**

The figures and calculations reflected in this solicitation are based on an estimated total amount available of $29,300,000 (combined Formula and Competitive funds available), although the amount ultimately made available could be higher or lower. Applicants are strongly advised to check for updates to the solicitation prior to submitting applications.

**Competitive Funds for States and Units of Local Government**

Fifteen percent ($4,395,000) of the available funds will be allocated among states and units of local government through a competitive process. The average annual number of Part 1 violent crimes reported by each state to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020; existing resources; and current needs of the potential grant recipient will be considerations in award decisions. For FY 2022, the maximum amount a state or unit of local government may receive in competitive funds is $500,000. Units of local government that provide forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services (whether through a forensic science laboratory, medical examiner office, or coroner’s office) may apply directly to BJA for competitive funds. A state may apply through its SAA for competitive funds for forensic sciences improvements **above and beyond** those it can accomplish with its estimated amount of formula funds.
**Permissible Expenses**
The types of expenses listed below may generally be paid with Coverdell funds. Federal funds must be used to supplement existing state and local funds for program activities, and must not supplant those funds that have been appropriated for the same purpose. Please refer to the DOJ Grants Financial Guide, section 2.3, “Standards for Financial Management Systems,” for more information on supplanting.

**Note:** The following list details the types of expenses allowed under the Coverdell Program. These expenses should NOT be used as budget categories — instead they are to be incorporated into the appropriate standard OJP budget categories. For more information on OJP’s standard budget format, see the section titled What an Application Should Include.

- **Salary and benefits of laboratory employees.** Funds may be used for forensic science or medical examiner/coroner office personnel, fellowships, visiting scientists, interns, consultants, or temporary staff.

- **Overtime for laboratory staff.** Funds may be used to pay overtime for laboratory scientists (excluding executive personnel) to directly examine, analyze, and interpret physical and/or digital evidence in criminal matters. Any payments for overtime must be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the DOJ Financial Guide.

- **Computerization.** Funds may be used to upgrade, replace, lease, or purchase computer hardware and software for forensic analyses and data management.

- **Laboratory equipment.** Funds may be used to upgrade, lease, or purchase forensic laboratory or medical examiner/coroner office equipment and instrumentation.

- **Supplies.** Funds may be used to acquire forensic laboratory or medical examiner/coroner office supplies.

- **Accreditation.** Funds may be used to prepare for laboratory accreditation by the ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation Board (ANAB), National Association of Medical Examiners (NAME), the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA), International Association of Coroners & Medical Examiners (IAC&ME) or other appropriate, accrediting bodies for forensic science and/or medicolegal death investigation. Funds may also be used for application and maintenance fees charged by appropriate accrediting bodies. Per 34 U.S.C. § 10562(2), such an accrediting body must be “an accrediting body that is a signatory to an internationally recognized arrangement and that offers accreditation to forensic science conformity assessment bodies using an accreditation standard that is recognized by that internationally recognized arrangement[].”

An applicant that proposes to use any portion of the grant amount to fund a forensic science laboratory system, including any laboratory operated by a unit of local government within the state, that is not accredited (as set out in the Coverdell law) will be required to use (or, as applicable, must require any unaccredited subrecipient forensic science laboratory system to use) a portion of the grant amount for accreditation purposes. Coverdell awardees must use grant funds to prepare and apply for accreditation of any FY 2022 Coverdell grant-funded unaccredited forensic laboratory system, including any laboratory operated by a unit of local government within the state, not more than 2 years after the FY 2022 Coverdell award date.

- **Education, training, and certification.** Funds may be used for appropriate internal and external training of staff that are involved directly and substantially in providing forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services. In appropriate cases, funds also may be used for fees charged by appropriate certifying bodies for certification of staff in specific forensic discipline areas. All education, training, and certification activities must be designed to improve forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services. The grant application should demonstrate that the proposed training or certification is directly related to the job position and duties of the individual(s) receiving the training or seeking certification. OJP recognizes the benefit of attending discipline-related conferences to receive training and/or education, however, it is recommended that the applicant consider the cost-effectiveness of this option compared to other viable modes of training. For example, hosting onsite training or attending a local program may be more suitable for the applicant’s personnel and organization.

- **Facilities.** Funds may be used for program expenses related to facilities, provided that the expenses are directly attributable to improving forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services. Funds may also be used for renovation and/or construction undertaken as part of the applicant’s program to improve forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services.

- **Limitations on use of funds for costs of new facility.** The Coverdell law limits the amount of funds that may be used for the costs of a new facility or facilities (34 U.S.C. § 10564(c)). Maximum amounts are
Grants that exceed 0.6 percent of the total available funds. If an applicant state receives grants whose total amount exceeds 0.6 percent of the total available funds (estimated here at $175,800), the amount of the grant that can be used for the costs of any new facility cannot exceed the sum of 80 percent of 0.6 percent of the total available funds (such 80 percent estimated here at $140,640) plus 40 percent of the amount of the grant in excess of 0.6 percent of the total available funds.

For example, if $29,300,000 were to become available for Coverdell awards in FY 2022 and a state were to receive a total Coverdell grant of $293,000, no more than $187,520 may be used for the costs of any new facility.

A sample calculation for a $293,000 grant would be as follows:

Eighty percent of 0.6 percent of the total available funds: $175,800 x .80 = $140,640.

Amount in excess of $293,000: $293,000 - $175,800 = $117,200.

Forty percent of amount in excess of $293,000: $117,200 x .40 = $46,880.

Sum of $140,640 + $46,880 = $187,520.

Estimates and calculations are based on the assumption that the total available funds for ALL Coverdell awards (formula and competitive) in FY 2022 will be $29,300,000.

- Administrative expenses. Not more than 10 percent of the total amount of a Coverdell grant may be used for a recipient’s administrative expenses.

Program activity involving forensic genetic genealogical DNA analysis and searching (FGGS) is subject to the DOJ Interim Policy on Forensic Genetic Genealogical DNA Analysis and Searching or to the final policy, when issued. See Performance Measures for additional required grantee reporting on FGGS activities.

**Note on the use of funds to address opioid- and synthetic drug-related challenges:** The application should demonstrate, wherever applicable, how any proposed use of funds would address challenges that opioids and/or synthetic drugs have brought to the forensic science community, as described in the “Important Note” under “Objectives” in the Program Description. To facilitate this, an applicant should annotate each line item in the budget as “opioid- and/or synthetic drug-related” (addressing the opioid and/or synthetic drug crisis) or “non-opioid- or synthetic drug-related.” Coverdell funds are available for permissible uses that would not address the opioid- and synthetic drug-related challenges. However, applications requesting Coverdell funds for projects that address specified opioid- and synthetic drug-related challenges to the forensic science community will be given priority consideration in award decisions over applications not requesting funds for such projects.

**Expenses That Are Not Permitted**

1. **Funds to conduct research**, although applicants may address emerging forensic science issues and technology through implementation of new technologies and processes into public laboratories.

2. **Expenses other than those listed above** (including expenses for general law enforcement functions or non-forensic investigatory functions).

3. **Costs for any new facility** that exceed the limits described above.

4. **Recipient administrative expenses** (direct or indirect) that exceed 10 percent of the total grant amount.

5. **The use of funds for the purchase and/or lease of vehicles**, such as crime scene vans.

6. **The use of BJA grant funds for unmanned aircraft systems (UAS), including unmanned aircraft vehicles (UAV), and all accompanying accessories to support UAS/UAV, is unallowable.**

**Cost Sharing or Matching Requirement**

This solicitation does not require a match.

**Pre-agreement Costs (also known as Pre-award Costs)**
See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide information on Pre-agreement Costs (also known as Pre-award Costs).

Limitation on Use of Award Funds for Employee Compensation: Waiver
See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide information on the Limitation on Use of Award Funds for Employee Compensation; Waiver.

Prior Approval, Planning, and Reporting of Conference/Meeting/Training Costs
See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for information on Prior Approval, Planning, and Reporting of Conference/Meeting/Training Costs.

Costs Associated with Language Assistance (if applicable)
See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for information on Costs Associated with Language Assistance.

Eligibility Information

Eligibility

- State governments
- County governments
- City or township governments

States and units of local government may apply for FY 2022 competitive Coverdell funds for use for forensic science laboratories (see Definitions section for additional information on how “forensic science laboratory” is defined for the purposes of this solicitation).

States may be eligible for both formula and competitive funds. Units of local government within states may be eligible for competitive funds and may apply directly to BJA. This solicitation is ONLY for the competitive funds. Any state application for funding MUST be submitted by the Coverdell SAA (see a list of SAAs on the OJP website at www.ojp.usdoj.gov/saa/index.htm). (Other interested state agencies or departments must coordinate with their respective SAAs.)

For purposes of the Coverdell Program, the term “state” means each of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. For certain purposes, American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands are treated as one state.

Note: A prospective recipient of grant funds that is found to have an “unresolved audit finding” from a DOJ Office of the Inspector General audit, as described in 34 U.S.C. § 10263, will be ineligible to receive grant funds during the period specified in that statute. See 34 U.S.C. § 10263(2).

The Coverdell law (34 U.S.C. § 10562) requires that, to request a grant, an applicant for Coverdell funds must submit:

- A certification and description regarding a plan for forensic science laboratories (state form OR unit of local government form). Each applicant must submit a certification that the state or unit of local government has developed a plan for forensic science laboratories under a program intended to improve the quality and timeliness of forensic science or medical examiner services in the state, including such services provided by the laboratories operated by the state and those operated by units of local government within the state. Applicants must also specifically describe the manner in which the grant will be used to carry out that plan.
- A certification regarding use of generally accepted laboratory practices. Each applicant must submit a certification that any forensic laboratory system, medical examiner’s office, or coroner’s office in the state, including any laboratory operated by a unit of local government within the state, that will receive any portion of the grant amount (whether directly or through a subgrant) uses generally accepted laboratory practices and procedures established by accrediting organizations or appropriate certifying bodies.
- A certification regarding forensic science laboratory accreditation. Each applicant must submit a certification that any forensic science laboratory system in the state, including any laboratory operated by a unit of local government within the state, that will receive any portion of the grant amount (whether directly or through a subgrant) either is accredited or is not so accredited, but will (or will be required in a legally binding and enforceable writing to) use a portion of the grant amount to prepare and apply for such accreditation not more than 2 years after the date on which a grant is awarded under the FY 2022 Coverdell Program.
Applicants requesting funds for only medical examiner or coroner’s offices are not required to submit this certification. See 34 U.S.C. § 10562(2).

- A certification and description regarding costs of new facilities. Each applicant must submit a certification that the amount of the grant used for the costs of any new facility constructed as part of a program to improve the quality and timeliness of forensic science or medical examiner services will not exceed certain limitations set forth in the Coverdell law at 34 U.S.C. § 10564(c). (See information on “permissible expenses” in Federal Award Information.) Applicants must also specifically describe any new facility to be constructed, as well as the estimated costs of the facility.

Applicants must submit this certification even if no new facilities are being constructed.

- A certification regarding external investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct. Each applicant must submit a certification that “a government entity exists and an appropriate process is in place to conduct independent external investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct substantially affecting the integrity of the forensic results committed by employees or contractors of any forensic laboratory system, medical examiner office, coroner’s office, law enforcement storage facility, or medical facility in the state that will receive a portion of the grant amount.”

Applicants are expected to carefully review the requirements of each certification before determining whether the certification may be properly made. Any certification that is submitted must be executed by an official who is both familiar with the requirements of the certification and authorized to make the certification on behalf of the applicant agency (that is, the agency applying directly to BJA). Certifications must be submitted using the templates provided at Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants Program | Certifications | Bureau of Justice Assistance (ojp.gov).

Certifications made on behalf of subrecipients of award funds — rather than certifications made on behalf of the agency applying directly to BJA — are not acceptable to satisfy the certification requirements and should not be submitted.

In connection with the certification regarding external investigations (described above), applicants must provide, prior to receiving award funds, the name(s) of the existing “government entity” (or government entities). This information is to be provided as an attachment to the proposal narrative section of the application using the External Investigations Attachment Template.

In connection with the certification regarding forensic science laboratory accreditation (described above), applicants must demonstrate, prior to receiving award funds, that any forensic science laboratory system, including any laboratory operated by a unit of local government within the state, that will receive any portion of the grant amount either is accredited or will (or will be required to) prepare and apply for accreditation consistent with the Coverdell law. See the What an Application Should Include section, which describes the documentation and information an applicant is to provide regarding its accreditation or its plans to prepare and apply for accreditation.

The accrediting body must be a signatory to an internationally recognized arrangement and must offer accreditation to forensic science conformity assessment bodies using an accreditation standard that is recognized by that internationally recognized arrangement. The scope of the accreditation must include all discipline(s) for which funds are requested. If the current scope of accreditation does not include the discipline(s) for which funds are requested, the applicant must include funds in its budget and plans in its proposal narrative to prepare and apply for accreditation in those disciplines.

Please note that funds will not be made available to applicant agencies that fail to provide the necessary information.

Important Note on Referrals in Connection with Allegations of Serious Negligence or Misconduct

The highest standards of integrity in the practice of forensic science are critical to the enhancement of the administration of justice. BJA assumes that recipients (and subrecipients) of Coverdell funds will make use of the process referenced in their certification as to external investigations and will refer allegations of serious negligence or misconduct substantially affecting the integrity of forensic results to government entities with an appropriate process in place to conduct independent external investigations, such as the government entities identified in the grant application.

For each fiscal year of an award made under this solicitation, recipients will be required to report to BJA on an annual basis:

One: The number and nature of any such allegations.
Two: Information on the referrals of such allegations (e.g., the government entity or entities to which referred, the date of referral).

Three: The outcome of such referrals (if known as of the date of the report).

Four: If any such allegations were not referred, the reason(s) for the nonreferral.

Payments to recipients (including payments under future awards) may be withheld if the required information is not submitted on a timely basis.

Special Guidance on Certification Regarding External Investigations into Allegations of Serious Negligence or Misconduct

The certification regarding external investigations has a number of requirements — each of which must be satisfied before the certification may be made. The official authorized to make the certification on behalf of the applicant agency must carefully review each of the statutory elements and this guidance before determining whether a certification properly may be made.

After reviewing the information and guidance provided here, the official, on behalf of the applicant agency, must determine whether:

- A government entity exists
- With an appropriate process in place
- To conduct independent, external investigations
- Into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct
- Substantially affecting the integrity of the forensic results
- Committed by employees or contractors
- Of any forensic laboratory system, medical examiner’s office, coroner’s office, law enforcement storage facility, or medical facility in the state that will receive a portion of the grant amount.

Note: In making this certification, the certifying official is certifying that these requirements are satisfied not only with respect to the applicant itself, but also with respect to each entity that will receive a portion of the grant amount. Certifying officials are advised that:

1. A false statement in the certification or in the grant application that it supports may be the subject of criminal prosecution, including under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and/or 1621 and 34 U.S.C. §§ 10271-10273.
2. OJP grants, including certifications provided in connection with such grants, are subject to review by OJP and/or DOJ’s Office of the Inspector General.

The following guidance, provided by way of examples for applicants’ review, is designed to illustrate elements of the external investigation certification that the official authorized to make the certification on behalf of the applicant agency must take into account in determining whether the certification may be properly made.

Because it is not possible for BJA to provide examples relating to every type of government entity with an appropriate process in place to conduct independent, external investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct substantially affecting the integrity of the forensic results committed by employees or contractors, this guidance should not be viewed as all inclusive. In addition, this guidance is not intended to constitute legal advice from BJA on the question of whether the required certification may be properly made on behalf of the applicant. Such a determination must be made by an appropriate official based on the statutory requirements of the certification after review of this guidance.

Illustrative Examples:

One: The only government entity that will receive Coverdell award funds is a forensic laboratory that is a unit of a local law enforcement agency (e.g., a police department). The law enforcement agency has an Internal Affairs Division (IAD) that reports directly to the head of the law enforcement agency (the police chief) and the head of the unit of local government (the mayor/city commissioner). The IAD has the authority to conduct investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by laboratory employees and contractors.

Guidance: Execution of the certification might be appropriate under these facts. Nevertheless, the official authorized to make the certification on behalf of the applicant agency must be satisfied that the IAD at issue has the requisite authority to conduct independent investigations (for example, whether the IAD is completely free from influence or supervision by
laboratory management officials) into allegations relating to employees or contractors of the laboratory.

**Two:** A state intends to distribute Coverdell award funds to state and local forensic laboratories and medical examiners/coroners’ offices. There is an Office of the Inspector General (OIG) in the state with authority to conduct investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by employees and contractors of forensic laboratories and medical examiner/coroner’s offices, both at the state and local levels.

Guidance: Execution of the certification might be appropriate under these facts. Nevertheless, the certifying official must be satisfied that the state OIG’s authority in this regard is not circumscribed in such a way that the OIG’s ability to conduct independent investigations is limited (for example, through a reporting hierarchy that does not provide for the OIG to report directly to the chief executive officer or another equally independent state official or office).

**Three:** A city has applied for a Coverdell award and all funds will go to the city’s forensic laboratory. There is a process in place whereby the city’s district attorney (DA) may appoint an independent investigator to conduct an investigation into allegations concerning the city’s forensic laboratory. If the DA appoints an independent investigator, the investigator will have authority to investigate allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by both laboratory employees and contractors.

Guidance: Execution of the certification might be appropriate under these facts. In this regard, however, the certifying official must be satisfied that the process at issue (appointment of an independent investigator by the city DA) includes procedures under which allegations involving the laboratory are submitted to or are made known to the DA, and that the DA’s authority and responsibility to appoint an independent investigator to conduct investigations of such allegations is sufficiently delineated in city policies and/or regulations so that the “appropriate process” in place is clearly defined.

**Four:** An applicant agency determines that the forensics laboratory director (or some other individual in the chain of command at the laboratory) has sole responsibility to conduct investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct committed by laboratory employees and contractors.

Guidance: Under these circumstances, execution of the certification would not be appropriate because there is no process in place to conduct independent external investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct committed by laboratory employees and contractors.

**Five:** A state applicant intends to distribute Coverdell award funds to forensic laboratories at both the state and local levels. An independent commission established by the Governor has authority to investigate allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by employees, including employees of units of local government within the state.

Guidance: Under these circumstances, the existence of this commission is not itself a sufficient basis for execution of the certification. In this regard, the commission does not have authority to investigate allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by contractors of state and local government forensic laboratories that receive Coverdell funds. (If, however, some other government entity, distinct from the commission, has a process in place to conduct independent external investigations of allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by such contractors, execution of the certification might be appropriate depending on all the facts.)

**Six:** A local forensic laboratory, which is intended to receive a portion of the funds from a Coverdell award to a state, notifies the state applicant that a quality assurance official is responsible for investigating allegations of serious negligence or misconduct by employees and contractors of the local forensic laboratory. The quality assurance official reports to the director of the forensic laboratory.

Guidance: Under these circumstances, execution of the certification would not be appropriate because the quality assurance official reports to the director of the forensic laboratory; therefore, there is no process in place to conduct independent external investigations of allegations against the forensics laboratory as required to make the certification.

**Seven:** An applicant agency (a forensics laboratory) intends to employ a contractor or a nongovernmental organization to conduct investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct committed by laboratory employees.

Guidance: Under these circumstances, execution of the certification would not be appropriate as there is neither a government entity nor an appropriate process in place to conduct independent external investigations of allegations against the laboratory, whether alleged to be committed by laboratory employees and/or contractors, because the contractor or nongovernmental entity is employed by and responsible to the forensics laboratory.

**Eight:** An applicant agency is accredited by an independent accrediting or certifying organization such as ANAB, NAME, A2LA, IAC&ME, etc.
Guidance: In this situation, execution of the certification would not be appropriate. The fact of accreditation or certification by an outside entity on its own does not demonstrate that the agency has a process in place to investigate allegations of serious negligence or misconduct committed by employees or contractors. There is insufficient information to properly make the required certification in this situation.

Application and Submission Information

The following application elements must be included in the application to meet the basic minimum requirements to advance to peer review and receive consideration for funding:

- Proposal Abstract
- Proposal Narrative
- Budget Worksheet and Budget Narrative (Web-based Form) (The web-based form includes the budget details and the budget narrative.)
- All five certifications required by the Coverdell law. Medical examiner and coroner offices are exempt from submitting the certification regarding accreditation.

See the “Application Elements and Formatting Instructions” section of the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for information on what happens to an application that does not contain all the specified elements or is nonresponsive to the scope of the solicitation.

Information to Complete the Application for Federal Assistance (SF-424)

The SF-424 must be submitted in Grants.gov. The SF-424 is a required standard form used as a cover sheet for submission of pre-applications, applications, and related information. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information on completing the SF-424.

In Section 8F. of the SF-424, please include the name and contact information of the individual who will complete the application in JustGrants. JustGrants will use this information to assign the application to this user in JustGrants.

Intergovernmental Review: This solicitation ("funding opportunity") is subject to Executive Order 12372. An applicant may find the names and addresses of State Single Points of Contact (SPOCs) at the following website: https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/SPOC-4-13-20.pdf. If the applicant’s State appears on the SPOC list, the applicant must contact its SPOC to find out about, and comply with, the State’s process under E.O. 12372. In completing the SF-424, an applicant whose State appears on the SPOC list is to make the appropriate selection in response to question 19, once the applicant has complied with its State E.O. 12372 process. (An applicant whose State does not appear on the SPOC list should answer question 19 by selecting the response that the: “Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.”).

Standard Applicant Information (JustGrants 424 and General Agency Information)

The Standard Applicant Information section of the JustGrants application is pre-populated with the SF-424 data submitted in Grants.gov. The applicant will need to review the Standard Applicant Information in JustGrants and make edits as needed. Within this section, the applicant will need to: add zip codes for areas affected by the project; confirm its Authorized Representative; and verify and confirm the organization's unique entity identifier, legal name, and address.

Proposal Abstract

A proposal abstract (no more than 400 words) summarizing the proposed project including the purpose of the project, primary activities, expected outcomes, the service area, intended beneficiaries and subrecipients (if known), will be completed in the JustGrants web-based form. This abstract should be written in the third person and will be made publicly available on the OJP website if the project is awarded. Proposal abstracts should:

- Identify the partner(s) involved in the project, if any.
- Provide an outline limited to the scope of the FY 2022 Coverdell Program.

Proposal Narrative

The proposal narrative should be submitted as an attachment in JustGrants. The attached document should be double-spaced, using a standard 12-point font; have no less than 1-inch margins; and should not exceed 20 pages. Pages should be numbered and submitted as an attachment. If the proposal narrative fails to comply with these length restrictions, BJA may consider such noncompliance in peer review and in final award decision. The proposal narrative must specifically describe the manner in which Coverdell grant funds will be used to carry out the applicant’s plan to improve forensic science or medical examiner/coroners services over current operations. (Reduction of
forensic analysis backlogs is considered an improvement in timeliness of services.

If grant funds are requested to cover the costs of a new facility, the proposal narrative must specifically describe the new facility to be constructed and the estimated costs of that facility.

State applicants. A state that seeks competitive funds should describe how competitive funds will be used to support improvements in forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services above and beyond the improvements it will accomplish with its estimated amount of formula funds. States are expected to consider the needs of laboratories operated by units of local government as well as those operated by the state. Existing resources and current needs will be considered in awarding competitive funds and should be addressed in any request for competitive funds.

As part of the discussion of existing resources and current needs, applicants should include information in the proposal narrative that describes any known specific impact(s) on resources and needs indicated by the applicant state’s Part 1 violent crime data.

Any state application for funding MUST be submitted by the Coverdell SAA (see list of SAAs on the OJP website at http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/saa/index.htm). When applying for competitive funds, an SAA should consult with all interested state agencies to prepare a request for competitive funds. No more than one request for competitive funds per state (SAA) will be funded. If more than one request for competitive funds is made by the state, each should be submitted as a separate application in Grants.gov.

Unit of local government applicants. A unit of local government should consult all interested components before preparing an application for competitive funds. No more than one application for competitive funds per unit of local government will be funded. If more than one request for competitive funds is made by the unit of local government, each should be submitted as a separate application in Grants.gov. As part of the discussion of existing resources and current needs, applicants requesting competitive funds should include information in the proposal narrative that describes any known, specific impact(s) on resources and needs indicated by Part 1 violent crime data (state data and any data reported by the applicant).

Accreditation

If grant funds are requested for accreditation, the proposal narrative must describe the accreditation activities and plans and, as applicable, the projected schedule for preparation and application for accreditation. Under the Coverdell Program, any forensic science laboratory system, including any laboratory operated by a unit of local government within the state, that is not accredited (as set out in the Coverdell law) and that will receive a portion of the grant amount must use a portion of the grant amount to prepare and apply for accreditation not more than 2 years after the date of the Coverdell grant award. For purposes of this solicitation, see definition of “forensic science laboratory” under Definitions in the Program Description section.

The following sections must be included as part of the proposal narrative:

Description of the Issue or Statement of the Problem

Describe the challenges faced in providing forensic and/or medical examiner/coroner services in the jurisdiction.

Outline the average annual number of Part I violent crimes reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020 by the state (and for applicant units of local government, the local data, if available) and include a discussion of the impact on the laboratory’s resources and needs based on the reported data.

Project Design and Implementation

Describe the strategy to address the needs identified in the Description of the Issue/Statement of the Problem, particularly any areas of specific concern and the relevance to the goals and objectives of the program.

Describe how the project will achieve one (or more) of the Coverdell Program’s purposes/objectives:

- To carry out all or a substantial part of a program intended to improve the quality and timeliness of forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services in the state, including those services provided by laboratories operated by the state and those operated by units of local government within the state.
- To eliminate a backlog in the analysis of forensic science evidence, including, among other things, a backlog with respect to firearms examination, latent prints, impression evidence, toxicology, digital evidence, fire evidence,
controlled substances, forensic pathology, questioned documents, and trace evidence.

- To train, assist, and employ forensic laboratory personnel and medicolegal death investigators, as needed, to eliminate such a backlog.
- To address emerging forensic science issues (such as statistics, contextual bias, and uncertainty of measurement) and emerging forensic science technology (such as high throughput automation, statistical software, and new types of instrumentation).
- To educate and train forensic pathologists.
- To fund medicolegal death investigation systems to facilitate accreditation of medical examiner and coroner offices and certification of medicolegal death investigators.

Discuss how funding under this initiative will help to improve the quality and/or timeliness of services. Demonstrate the soundness of the approach to improve forensic services. Specifically outline the impact the proposed project will have on laboratory operations and/or forensic science discipline.

Discuss the feasibility of the proposed project, including likelihood of completion within the proposed period of performance.

Demonstrate awareness of potential pitfalls and proposed mitigation strategies should pitfalls be encountered.

If applicable:

- Discuss the soundness of the approach to reduce and/or eliminate a backlog.
- Describe the soundness of the approach to train and employ forensic personnel and medicolegal death investigators to eliminate a backlog and increase capacity.
- Demonstrate innovation and creativity in the approach to reducing and/or eliminating a backlog and increasing capacity.

Capabilities and Competencies

Describe the management structure for implementation of the strategy, including staffing and key partners. Describe how the partners, if any, will work together to implement the key project elements. Provide information, if any, on past efforts and/or outcomes as a result of this partnership, and why it will enhance efforts in this area.

Outline the qualifications and experience of proposed project staff.

Describe the demonstrated ability of the proposed staff to manage the effort.

Plan for Collecting the Data Required for this Solicitation’s Performance Measures

Applicants are not required to submit performance data with the application. Rather, performance measure information is included as an alert that successful applicants will be required to submit performance data as part of each award’s reporting requirements.

The application should demonstrate the anticipated impact of eligible project activities on improvement of forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services, including as to the quality and/or timeliness of forensic results.

OJP will require each successful applicant to submit regular performance data that show the completed work’s results. The performance data directly relate to the goals, objectives, and deliverables identified in the Goals, Objectives, and Deliverables section.

Applicants can also visit OJP’s performance measurement page at www.ojp.gov/performance for an overview of performance measurement activities at OJP.

BJA will require award recipients submit performance measure data and performance reports in JustGrants. Examples of the performance measures questionnaire can be found here. BJA will provide further guidance on the post-award submission process, if selected for award.

Note on Project Evaluations

An applicant that proposes to use award funds through this solicitation to conduct project evaluations must follow the guidance in the “Note on Project Evaluations” section in the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide.
Goals, Objectives, Deliverables, and Timeline

The applicant will submit its projects goals, objectives, deliverables, and timelines in the JustGrants Web-based form.

Budget and Associated Documentation

Budget Worksheet and Budget Narrative (Web-based Form)

The applicant will complete the JustGrants web-based budget form. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (if applicable)

The applicant will submit its indirect cost rate agreement by uploading it as an attachment in JustGrants. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

Financial Management Questionnaire (including applicant disclosure of high-risk status)

The applicant will download the questionnaire, complete it, and submit it by uploading it as an attachment in JustGrants. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for the link to the questionnaire and additional information.

Disclosure of Process Related to Executive Compensation

This solicitation expressly modifies the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide by not incorporating its “Disclosure of Process Related to Executive Compensation” provisions. Applicants to this solicitation are not required to provide this disclosure.

Additional Application Components

Applicants will attach the additional requested documentation in JustGrants.

Curriculum Vitae or Resumes

Curriculum vitae or résumés of all laboratory scientists who will be significantly involved in substantive aspects of the proposed project (including, for example, scientists who will be operating proposed new equipment).

Coverdell Statutory Certifications

As described above in the Eligibility section, the Coverdell law provides that, to request a grant, each applicant must submit five certifications specific to the Coverdell Program. (Applicants requesting funds for only medical examiner’s offices or coroner’s offices are not required to submit the certification regarding accreditation. (See 34 U.S.C. § 10562(2).) A certification may only be completed by an official familiar with its requirements and authorized to certify on behalf of the applicant agency (i.e., the agency applying directly to BJA). All five certifications must be completed using these templates. Certifications made on behalf of subrecipients of award funds — rather than certifications made on behalf of the agency applying directly to BJA — are not acceptable to satisfy the certification requirements. The five required Coverdell statutory certifications are as follows:

1. Certification as to Plan for Forensic Science Laboratories — Application from a State or Application from a Unit of Local Government
2. Certification as to Generally Accepted Laboratory Practices and Procedures
3. Certification as to Forensic Science Laboratory System Accreditation
4. Certification as to Use of Funds for New Facilities (This must be submitted even if no funds are proposed to be used for new facilities.)
5. Certification as to External Investigations and Attachment

Please note: Specific information and guidance with respect to the “Certification as to External Investigations” are provided above, under Eligibility. Certifying officials must read and review this information and guidance prior to executing the certifications.

External Investigations Attachment
All applicants are to provide the name(s) of the existing “government entity” (or entities) that is the subject of the certification that:

A government entity exists and an appropriate process is in place to conduct independent external investigations into allegations of serious negligence or misconduct substantially affecting the integrity of the forensic results committed by employees or contractors of any forensic laboratory system, medical examiner’s office, coroner's office, law enforcement storage facility, or medical facility in the state that will receive a portion of the grant amount.

Note that funds will not be made available to applicant agencies that fail to provide the necessary information. The five certifications and the external investigations attachment should be attached as a separate file with an appropriately descriptive file name.

Forensic Laboratory Accreditation Documentation (if applicable)

Applicants should provide documentation of current accreditation with the application for any accredited laboratory (including a subrecipient laboratory) that is to receive funds under the FY 2022 Coverdell award. Acceptable types of documentation of current accreditation include: an electronic (scanned) copy of the current accreditation certificate(s), a digital photograph of the current accreditation certificate(s), or a letter from the accrediting body that includes the certificate number. Additionally, if a certificate references another document that contains key information on the type or scope of the accreditation, provide a copy of that supplemental documentation. Independent accrediting or certifying organizations may include ANAB, NAME, A2LA, AC&ME, or other appropriate accrediting bodies. Per 34 U.S.C. § 10562 (2), such an accrediting body would be “an accrediting body that is a signatory to an internationally recognized arrangement and that offers accreditation to forensic science conformity assessment bodies using an accreditation standard that is recognized by that internationally recognized arrangement[.]”

Accreditation document(s) should be attached as a separate file with an appropriately descriptive file name.

Potential Environmental Impact Coversheet and Checklist — National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

Each applicant is to submit a BJA Programmatic Coversheet and Checklist with its application to assist BJA in assessing the potential environmental impacts of the activities proposed for funding by the applicant. Specifically, the applicant is expected to:

- Carefully read the Programmatic Environmental Assessment.
- Complete the Cover Sheet and the attached the Programmatic Checklist.
- Attach the completed documents to the grant application.

The applicant should also submit a coversheet and BJA Programmatic Checklist for any organization identified in the budget worksheet that will receive grant funds through a subaward or procurement contract to perform any of the following activities: new construction or renovations that change the basic prior use of a facility or significantly change the size, research and/or technology development that could be expected to have an effect on the environment, or implementation of programs involving the use of chemicals. For more information about NEPA and BJA’s NEPA Process, please go to https://bja.ojp.gov/national-environmental-policy-act-nepa-guidance.

Disclosures and Assurances

The applicant will address the following disclosures and assurances.

Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

Complete and submit the SF-LLL in Grants.gov. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

DOJ Certified Standard Assurances

Review and accept the DOJ Certified Standard Assurances in JustGrants. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

Applicant Disclosure ofDuplication in Cost Items
Complete the JustGrants web-based Applicant Disclosure of Duplication in Cost Items form. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

DOJ Certifications Regarding Lobbying; Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters; and Drug-Free Workplace Requirements

Review and accept the DOJ Certified Certifications Regarding Lobbying; Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters; Drug-Free Workplace Requirements; Law Enforcement and Community Policing in JustGrants. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

Applicant Disclosure and Justification – DOJ High Risk Grantees (if applicable)

If applicable, submit the DOJ High Risk Disclosure and Justification as an attachment in JustGrants. A DOJ High Risk Grantee is an award recipient that has received a DOJ High Risk designation based on a documented history of unsatisfactory performance, financial instability, management system or other internal control deficiencies, or noncompliance with award terms and conditions on prior awards, or that is otherwise not responsible. See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information.

How to Apply


Step 2: The applicant must then submit the full application, including attachments, in JustGrants in JustGrants.usdoj.gov.

For additional information, see the “How to Apply” section in the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide and the DOJ Application Submission Checklist.

Submission Dates and Time

The SF-424 and the SF-LLL must be submitted in Grants.gov by June 22, 2022 8:59 PM.

The full application must be submitted in JustGrants by June 27, 2022 8:59 PM.

OJP urges applicants to submit their Grants.gov and JustGrants submissions prior to the due dates to allow sufficient time to correct errors and resubmit by the submission deadlines if a rejection notification is received. To be considered timely, the full application must be submitted in JustGrants by the JustGrants application deadline.

Experiencing Unforeseen Technical Issues

An applicant that experiences unforeseen SAM.gov, Grants.gov, or JustGrants technical issues beyond its control that prevent application submission by the deadline, must demonstrate all efforts in requesting technical support in order to submit an application by the deadline. Technical support is available via phone and email to the applicable SAM.gov, Grants.gov, or JustGrants support centers or service desks in which an applicant received a ticket number for resolution. If an applicant misses a deadline due to unforeseen technical difficulties, the applicant may request a waiver to submit an application after the deadline. Note: If an applicant does not submit all the required Grants.gov forms by the Grants.gov deadline, the applicant will not be able to proceed to the JustGrants portion of the application process.

An applicant experiencing technical difficulties with the following systems must contact the associated support desk indicated below to report the technical issue and receive a tracking number:

- Grants.gov - contact the Grants.gov Customer Support Hotline
- SAM.gov - contact the SAM Help Desk (Federal Service Desk)
- JustGrants - contact the JustGrants Support Desk at JustGrants.Support@usdoj.gov or 833–872–5175

An applicant requesting a waiver to submit a late application must document their request for technical assistance in an email to the OJP Response Center at grants@ncjrs.gov within 24 hours after the application deadline to request approval to submit its application after the deadline. If an applicant has technical issues with Grants.gov, the applicant must contact Grants.gov Customer Support Hotline within 24 hours of the Grants.gov deadline to request approval to submit after the deadline. Waiver requests to submit after the submission deadline must:

- Describe the technical difficulties experienced.
  Include a timeline of the applicant's submission efforts (e.g., what date and time did the error occur, what date and time was action taken to resolve the issue and resubmit; and what date and time did support
representatives respond).

- Include an attachment(s) of the complete grant application and all required documentation and material.
- Include the applicant's Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) and any applicable SAM.gov tracking number(s), Grants.gov Help Desk, and JustGrants Support Desk Ticket Numbers.

OJP will review each request for late submission and required supporting documentation and notify the applicant whether the request has been approved or denied. For more details on the waiver process, OJP encourages applicants to review the "Experiencing Unforeseen Technical Issues" section in the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide.

Application Review Information

Review Criteria

Applications that meet the basic minimum requirements will be evaluated by peer reviewers. Applications will be evaluated on how the proposed project/program addresses the following criteria:

1. Statement of the Problem/Description of the Issue (25%) - evaluate the applicant’s understanding of the program/issue to be addressed.
2. Project Design and Implementation (45%) - evaluate the adequacy of the proposal, including the goals, objectives, timelines, milestones, and deliverables.
3. Capabilities and Competencies (10%) - evaluate the administrative and technical capacity of the applicant to successfully accomplish the goals and objectives.
4. Plan for Collecting the Data Required for this Solicitation’s Performance Measures (10%) - evaluate the applicant’s understanding of the performance data reporting requirements and the plan for collecting the required data.
5. Budget (10%) - evaluate for completeness, cost effectiveness, and allowability (e.g., reasonable, allocable, and necessary for project activities).

- Total cost of the project relative to the perceived benefit.
- Use of existing resources to conserve costs.
- Cost-effectiveness of proposed activities applicable to backlog reduction and/or timeliness of forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services.
- Cost-effectiveness of proposed activities applicable to improvement in forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services.
- Cost-effectiveness of education and training as related to improvement of forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services.

Other Review Criteria/Factors

Other important considerations for [insert PO] include geographic diversity, strategic priorities (specifically including, but not limited to, those priority areas already mentioned), available funding, past performance, [insert any additional programmatic review criteria that will be used to make funding decisions], and the extent to which the Budget Worksheet and Budget Narrative (web-based form) accurately explain project costs that are reasonable, necessary, and otherwise allowable under federal law and applicable federal cost principles.

Review Process

Applications submitted under this solicitation that meet the basic minimum requirements, will be evaluated for technical merit by a peer review panel(s) in accordance with OJP peer review policy and procedures using the review criteria listed above.

OJP screens applications to ensure they meet the basic minimum requirements prior to conducting the peer review. Although specific requirements may vary, the following are common requirements applicable to all OJP solicitations:

- The application must be submitted by an eligible type of applicant.
- The application must request funding within programmatic funding constraints (if applicable).
- The application must be responsive to the scope of the solicitation.
- The application must include all items necessary to meet the basic minimum requirements.

Pursuant to the Part 200 Uniform Requirements, before award decisions are made, OJP also reviews information related to the degree of risk posed by the applicant. Among other things to help assess whether an applicant with one or more
prior federal awards has a satisfactory record with respect to performance, integrity, and business ethics, OJP checks whether the applicant is listed in SAM as excluded from receiving a federal award.

In addition, if OJP anticipates that an award will exceed $250,000 in federal funds, OJP also must review and consider any information about the applicant that appears in the non-public segment of the integrity and performance system accessible through SAM (currently, the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System, FAPIIS).

**Important note on FAPIIS:** An applicant may review and comment on any information about itself that currently appears in FAPIIS and was entered by a federal awarding agency. OJP will consider such comments by the applicant, in addition to the other information in FAPIIS, in its assessment of the risk posed by the applicant.

Absent explicit statutory authorization or written delegation of authority to the contrary, all final award decisions will be made by the Assistant Attorney General, who may consider not only peer review ratings and BJA recommendations, but also other factors as indicated in this section.

**Federal Award Administration Information**

**Federal Award Notices**

See the [OJP Grant Application Resource Guide](#) for information on award notifications and instructions.

**Administrative, National Policy, and Other Legal Requirements**

If selected for funding, in addition to implementing the funded project consistent with the OJP-approved application, the recipient must comply with all award conditions and all applicable requirements of federal statutes and regulations, including the applicable requirements referred to in the assurances and certifications executed in connection with award acceptance. For additional information on these legal requirements, see the “Administrative, National Policy, and Other Legal Requirements” section in the [OJP Grant Application Resource Guide](#).

**Information Technology (IT) Security Clauses**

An application in response to this solicitation may require inclusion of information related to information technology security. See the [OJP Grant Application Resource Guide](#) for information on information technology security.

**General Information about Post-Federal Award Reporting Requirements**

In addition to the deliverables described in the “Program Description” section, all award recipients under this solicitation will be required to submit certain reports and data.

**Required reports.** Award recipients typically must submit quarterly financial reports, semi-annual performance reports, final financial and performance reports, and, if applicable, an annual audit report in accordance with the Part 200 Uniform Requirements or specific award conditions. Future awards and fund drawdowns may be withheld if reports are delinquent. (In appropriate cases, OJP may require additional reports.)

Current Coverdell grantees are required to submit a final report that must, among other things: (1) include a summary and assessment of the program carried out with FY 2022 grant funds, (2) identify the number and type of cases accepted during the FY 2022 award period by the forensic laboratory or laboratories that received FY 2022 grant funds, (3) cite the specific improvements in forensic science and medical examiner/coroner services (including any reduction in forensic analysis backlog) that occurred as a direct result of the FY 2022 grant award, and (4) detail the progress of any unaccredited forensic science service provider that received FY 2022 grant funds toward obtaining accreditation. Future awards and fund drawdowns may be withheld if reports are delinquent.

Further, as noted earlier under Eligibility, for each fiscal year of an award, recipients will be required to report to BJA on an annual basis:

1. The number and nature of any allegations of serious negligence or misconduct substantially affecting the integrity of forensic results.
2. Information on the referrals of such allegations (e.g., the government entity or entities to which referred, the date of referral).
3. The outcome of such referrals (if known as of the date of the report).
4. If any such allegations were not referred, the reason(s) for the nonreferral.
Future awards and fund drawdowns may be withheld if reports are delinquent. (In appropriate cases, OJP may require additional reports.) See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for additional information on specific post-award reporting requirements, including performance measure data.

Federal Awarding Agency Contact(s)
For OJP contact(s), see the solicitation cover page.
For contact information for Grants.gov, see the solicitation cover page.
For contact information for JustGrants, see the solicitation cover page.

Other Information

Provide Feedback to OJP
See the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide for information on how to provide feedback to OJP.

Application Checklist
BJA FY22 Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants Program - Competitive
This application checklist has been created as an aid in developing an application. The DOJ Application Submission Checklist is another resource.

What an Applicant Must Do:

Prior to registering in Grants.gov:

- Confirm your Entity’s System Award Management (SAM) Registration Information (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

To register in Grants.gov:

- Acquire an Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) and a Grants.gov username and password (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
- Acquire AOR confirmation from the E-Business Point of Contact (E-Biz POC) (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

To find the funding opportunity:

- Search for the funding opportunity in Grants.gov using the opportunity number, Assistance Listing or keyword(s)
- Access the funding opportunity and application package (see Step 7 in the OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
- Sign up for Grants.gov email notifications (optional) (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
- Read Important Notice: Applying for Grants in Grants.gov
- Read OJP policy and guidance on conference approval, planning, and reporting available at https://www.ojp.gov/funding/financialguidedoj/iii-postaward-requirements#6g3y8 (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

Overview of Post-Award Legal Requirements:

- Review the “Overview of Legal Requirements Generally Applicable to OJP Grants and Cooperative Agreements - FY 2022 Awards” in the OJP Funding Resource Center.

Review Scope Requirement:
• The federal amount requested is within the allowable limit(s) of $500,000.

Review Eligibility Requirement:

• State governments
• County governments
• City or township governments

Prepare to submit the Application for Federal Assistance standard form (SF-424) and Disclosure of Lobbying Activities form (SF-LLL):

• Review Information to complete the Application for Federal Assistance (SF-424) in Grants.gov
• Submit Intergovernmental Review
• Complete Standard Applicant Information (SF-424 information from Grants.gov)
• Submit the SF-424 and SF-LLL in Grants.gov

After the SF-424 and SF-LLL submission in Grants.gov, receive Grants.gov email notifications that:

• Submission has been received in Grants.gov
• Submission has either been successfully validated or rejected with errors (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

If no Grants.gov receipt and validation, or if error notifications are received:

• Contact Grants.gov Customer Support Hotline at 800-518-4726, 606-545-5035, Grants.gov customer support, or support@grants.gov regarding technical difficulties (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

Receive email notification to complete application in JustGrants:

• Proceed to complete application in JustGrants

Content of Application Submission: Critical Application Elements

The following items are critical application elements required to pass the basic minimum requirements review. If OJP determines that an application does not include the following elements, it will neither proceed to peer review, nor receive further consideration.

• Proposal Abstract
• Proposal Narrative
• Budget Worksheet and Budget Narrative (web-based form)
• Five certifications required by the Coverdell law:
  • Certification as to Plan for Forensic Science Laboratories — Application from a State* or Certification as to Plan for Forensic Science Laboratories — Application from a Unit of Local Government*
  • Certification as to Generally Accepted Laboratory Practices and Procedures
  • Certification as to Forensic Science Laboratory System Accreditation**
  • Certification as to Use of Funds for New Facilities***
  • Certification as to External Investigations and Attachment*

* The applicant is to submit only one version of the “Certification as to Plan for Forensic Science Laboratories.” DO NOT submit both versions of this certification. Applicant states are to submit the “Application from a State” version only; applicant units of local government are to submit the “Application from a Unit of Local Government” version only.
** Applicants requesting funds for only medical examiner’s offices or coroner’s offices in the state are not required to submit this certification.
*** Applicants must submit this certification even if no new facilities are being built.

Budget and Associated Documentation:

• Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (if applicable) (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

• Financial Management and System of Internal Controls Questionnaire (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

Additional Application Components:
• Research and Evaluation Independence and Integrity (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
• Request and Justification for Employee Compensation; Waiver (if applicable) (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
• External Investigations Attachment
• Forensic Laboratory Accreditation Documentation
• Potential Environmental Impact Coversheet and Checklist

Disclosures and Assurances:

• Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL) (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
• Applicant Disclosure of Duplication in Cost Items (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
• DOJ Certified Standard Assurances (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
• DOJ Certifications Regarding Lobbying; Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters; and Drug-Free Workplace Requirements (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)
• Applicant Disclosure and Justification – DOJ High Risk Grantees (if applicable) (see OJP Grant Application Resource Guide)

Submit application in JustGrants:

• Application has been successfully submitted in JustGrants

If no JustGrants application submission, validation, or if error notifications are received:

• Contact the JustGrants Service Desk at 833-872-5175 or JustGrants.Support@usdoj.gov regarding technical difficulties.