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An act relating to public records; amending s.

119.071, F.S.; defining the terms "body camera," "law enforcement officer," and "personal representative"; providing that a body camera recording is confidential and exempt from public records requirements under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; requiring a law enforcement agency to retain body camera recordings for at least a specified period; providing for retroactive application; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of public necessity; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (1) is added to subsection (2) of section 119.071, Florida Statutes, to read:

19 119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of public records.—

- (2) AGENCY INVESTIGATIONS.-
- (1)1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Body camera" means a portable electronic recording device that is worn on a law enforcement officer's body and that records audio and video data in the course of the officer performing his or her official duties and responsibilities.
- <u>b. "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as</u> provided in s. 943.10.
 - c. "Personal representative" means a parent, a court-

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appointed guardian, an attorney, or an agent of, or a person holding a power of attorney for, a person recorded by a body camera. If a person depicted in the recording is deceased, the term also means the personal representative of the estate of the deceased person; the deceased person's surviving spouse, parent, or adult child; the deceased person's attorney or agent; or the parent or guardian of a surviving minor child of the deceased. An agent must possess written authorization of the recorded person to act on his or her behalf.

- 2. A body camera recording, or a portion thereof, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution if the recording:
 - a. Is taken within the interior of a private residence;
- b. Is taken within the interior of a facility that offers health care, mental health care, or social services; or
- c. Is taken in a place that a reasonable person would expect to be private.
- 3. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., a body camera recording may be disclosed by a law enforcement agency:
- a. In furtherance of its official duties and responsibilities; or
- b. To another governmental agency in the furtherance of its official duties and responsibilities.
- 4. A body camera recording, or a portion thereof, shall be disclosed by a law enforcement agency:
- a. To a person recorded by a body camera; however, a law enforcement agency may disclose only those portions that are relevant to the person's presence in the recording;
 - b. To the personal representative of a person recorded by a

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body camera; however, a law enforcement agency may disclose only those portions that are relevant to the represented person's presence in the recording;

- c. To a person not depicted in a body camera recording if the recording depicts a place in which the person lawfully resided, dwelled, or lodged at the time of the recording; however, a law enforcement agency may disclose only those portions that record the interior of such a place.
 - d. Pursuant to a court order.
- (I) In addition to any other grounds the court may consider in determining whether to order that a body camera recording be disclosed, the court shall consider whether:
- (A) Disclosure is necessary to advance a compelling interest;
- (B) The recording contains information that is otherwise exempt or confidential and exempt under the law;
- (C) The person requesting disclosure is seeking to obtain evidence to determine legal issues in a case in which the person is a party;
- (D) Disclosure would reveal information regarding a person that is of a highly sensitive personal nature;
- (E) Disclosure may harm the reputation or jeopardize the safety of a person depicted in the recording;
- (F) Confidentiality is necessary to prevent a serious and imminent threat to the fair, impartial, and orderly administration of justice;
- (G) The recording could be redacted to protect privacy interests; and
 - (H) There is good cause to disclose all or portions of a

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recording.

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- (II) In any proceeding regarding the disclosure of a body camera recording, the law enforcement agency that made the recording shall be given reasonable notice of hearings and shall be given an opportunity to participate.
- 5. A law enforcement agency must retain a body camera recording for at least 90 days.
- 6. The exemption provided in subparagraph 2. applies retroactively.
- 7. This exemption does not supersede any other public records exemption that existed before or is created after the effective date of this exemption. Those portions of a recording which are protected from disclosure by another public records exemption shall continue to be exempt or confidential and exempt.
- 8. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2020, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- Section 2. (1) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that the following types of body camera recordings are made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution: recordings taken within the interior of a private residence; recordings taken within the interior of a facility that offers health care, mental health care, or social services; and recordings taken in a place that a reasonable person would expect to be private.
 - (2) The Legislature recognizes the increased prevalence of

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body cameras being used by law enforcement officers. Body cameras preserve information that has the potential to assist both law enforcement officers' and the public's ability to review the circumstances surrounding an event in which law enforcement intervention occurs.

(3) However, the Legislature also finds that, in certain instances, audio and video recorded by body cameras is significantly more likely to capture highly sensitive personal information than other types of law enforcement recordings or documents. The Legislature finds that public disclosure of these recordings could have an undesirable chilling effect. People who know they are being recorded by a body camera may be unwilling to cooperate fully with law enforcement officers if they know that a body camera recording can be made publicly available to anyone else. People may also be less likely to call a law enforcement agency for services if their sensitive personal information or the circumstances that necessitate a law enforcement agency's involvement are subject to public dissemination as a body camera recording. The Legislature also finds that body camera recordings could be used for criminal purposes if they were available upon request. This exemption from public records requirements allows law enforcement officers to more effectively and efficiently administer their duties, which would otherwise be significantly impaired. The Legislature finds that these concerns regarding the impact of the public records requirements for body camera recordings not only necessitate the exemption of the recordings from public records requirements, but also outweigh any public benefit that may be derived from their disclosure.

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146 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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